

GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM
HIGHER & TECHNICAL EDUCATION
DEPARTMENT

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO
THE POST OF LOWER DIVISION CLERK
(JULY-2026)

PAPER-I
(GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, GENERAL ENGLISH, ESSAY
WRITING & ENGLISH COMPREHENSION)

Full Marks : 200
Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Signature of Invigilator _____

CODE :

(For official use)

SUBJECT	MARK CARRIED BY EACH QUESTION / TOPIC	NO. OF CORRECT ANSWERS	NO. OF WRONG ANSWERS	MARKS OBTAINED
GK	2			
Gen. English	2			
Essay Writing	20			
English Comp.	30			
TOTAL				

Signature of Examiner : _____

GOVERNMENT OF MIZORAM
HIGHER & TECHNICAL EDUCATION
DEPARTMENT

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO
THE POST OF LOWER DIVISION CLERK
(JULY-2026)

PAPER-I
(GENERAL KNOWLEDGE, GENERAL ENGLISH, ESSAY
WRITING & ENGLISH COMPREHENSION)

Full Marks : 200
Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Roll No. : _____

Signature of Invigilator _____

CODE :

(For official use)

PART-A (MCQ - 150 MARKS)

All questions carry 2 mark.

For Question No. 1 - 75, Put a tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the space given in each question.

Notes regarding Negative Marking :

- (i) *There will be penalty (negative marking) for every wrong answer given by a candidate in the MCQ type questions.*
 - (ii) *For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.*
 - (iii) *If a candidate gives more than one answer to one question, it will be treated as wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above for that question.*
 - (iv) *If any questions is left blank i.e. no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.*
-

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (100 MARKS)

1. Which among the following sites of the Harappan Civilization is considered its easternmost limit?
 - (a) Lothal ()
 - (b) Kalibangan ()
 - (c) Alamgirpur ()
 - (d) Rakhigarhi ()
2. Which of the following was regarded as the god of the animals?
 - (a) Varuna ()
 - (b) Rudra ()
 - (c) Soma ()
 - (d) Vayu ()
3. The ancient Indus Valley Civilization site of Kalibangan is located on the banks of which river?
 - (a) Ghaggar ()
 - (b) Ravi ()
 - (c) Beas ()
 - (d) Saraswati ()
4. Delhi Sultanate ruler who started Diwan-i-bandagan (Department of slaves) and Darul Shifa (Hospitals) was ?
 - (a) Alauddin Khilji ()
 - (b) Muhammad bin Tughlaq ()
 - (c) Ghiyasuddin Balban ()
 - (d) Feroz Shah Tughlaq ()

5. Starting from 1972, Pu K. Laltluangkima (ZPM) is the _____ individual to serve as the Rajya Sabha member from Mizoram.
- (a) 9th ()
(b) 7th ()
(c) 8th ()
(d) 10th ()
6. Second Carnatic War was ended with?
- (a) Treaty of Paris ()
(b) Treaty of Pondicherry ()
(c) Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle ()
(d) Treaty of Madras ()
7. In which session of the Indian National Congress Jawaharlal Nehru became President?
- (a) Karachi Session of 1931 ()
(b) Bombay Session of 1942 ()
(c) Haripura Session of 1938 ()
(d) Lahore Session of 1929 ()
8. The quote 'Down with Imperialism' belongs to which freedom fighter?
- (a) Mahatma Gandhi ()
(b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ()
(c) Bhagat Singh ()
(d) Ashfaqullah Khan ()
9. Which movement is called Gandhi's first Non-Cooperation Movement?
- (a) Champaran Satyagraha ()
(b) Ahmedabad Mill Strike ()
(c) Individual Satyagraha ()
(d) Kheda Satyagraha ()
10. Who holds the banner of Revolt at Delhi?
- (a) Bahadur Shah II ()
(b) Nana Saheb ()
(c) Rani Laxmibai ()
(d) Gen Bakht Khan ()
11. Which city is located on the banks of Yamuna river?
- (a) Delhi ()
(b) Lucknow ()
(c) Bhopal ()
(d) Raipur ()
12. The third highest mountain in Mizoram is:
- (a) Phawngpui ()
(b) Lengteng ()
(c) Surtlang ()
(d) Lurhtlang ()

13. Which is not the railway station in Mizoram?
- (a) Darlawn ()
 - (b) Mualkhang ()
 - (c) Hortoki ()
 - (d) Kawnpui ()
14. The northernmost point of Indian is:
- (a) Indira Point ()
 - (b) Kanyakumari ()
 - (c) Minicoy Island ()
 - (d) Indira Col ()
15. The Strait of Hormuz connects:
- (a) Mediterranean Sea with Black Sea ()
 - (b) Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman ()
 - (c) Mediterranean Sea with Red Sea ()
 - (d) Red sea with Arabian Sea ()
16. The river that crossed tropic of Cancer twice is:
- (a) Tapti ()
 - (b) Narmada ()
 - (c) Mahi ()
 - (d) Chambal ()
17. Pustaz Grasslands are found in:
- (a) Hungary ()
 - (b) North America ()
 - (c) Argentina & Uruguay ()
 - (d) South Africa ()
18. The country which form a part of 'Golden Triangle' is:
- (a) Afghanistan ()
 - (b) Laos ()
 - (c) Pakistan ()
 - (d) Cambodia ()
19. Which article of Indian Constitution provides 'Powers and Privileges of Houses of Parliament'?
- (a) Article 100 ()
 - (b) Article 150 ()
 - (c) Article 130 ()
 - (d) Article 105 ()
20. Which is **not** a federal features of Indian Constitution?
- (a) Flexibility of Constitution ()
 - (b) Supremacy of Constitution ()
 - (c) Written Constitution ()
 - (d) Rigidity of Constitution ()

21. On which date the government of India adopted the National flag of the country?
- (a) July 22, 1947 ()
 - (b) January 24, 1950 ()
 - (c) January 26, 1950 ()
 - (d) November 24, 1949 ()
22. Who was the Home, Information and Broadcasting Minister in the Interim government formed in 1946?
- (a) Dr Rajendra Prasad ()
 - (b) Jawaharlal Nehru ()
 - (c) Dr B.R Ambedkar ()
 - (d) Sardar Vallabhai Patel ()
23. Which of the following committee suggested constitutional status for local bodies?
- (a) L.M Singhvi Committee ()
 - (b) Balwant Rai Committee ()
 - (c) Swaran Singh Committee ()
 - (d) Asok Mehta Committee ()
24. Single Citizenship is borrowed from which constitution?
- (a) British ()
 - (b) United States ()
 - (c) France ()
 - (d) Russia ()
25. Which part of the Constitution deals with Elections including Election Commission?
- (a) Part XIV ()
 - (b) Part XV ()
 - (c) Part XVI ()
 - (d) Part XVII ()
26. Which state does not have a legislative council?
- (a) Telengana ()
 - (b) Maharashtra ()
 - (c) Andhra Pradesh ()
 - (d) Tamil Nadu ()
27. Who is the Chief Minister of Manipur?
- (a) Nemcha Kipgen ()
 - (b) Yumnam Khemchand Singh ()
 - (c) Losii Dikho ()
 - (d) Okram Ibobi Singh ()
28. The industrial name of **Sodium bicarbonate** is:
- (a) Chloroform ()
 - (b) Bleaching powder ()
 - (c) Baking powder ()
 - (d) Soda ash ()

29. A device that is used to break or make an electric circuit is called:
- (a) Potentiometer ()
 - (b) Breaker ()
 - (c) Switch ()
 - (d) Fuse ()
30. Which disease is caused by deficiency of Vitamin B1?
- (a) Beri beri ()
 - (b) Rickets ()
 - (c) Scurvy ()
 - (d) Dermatitis ()
31. Who coined the term AI and often recognised as the father of Artificial Intelligence (AI)?
- (a) Alan Turing ()
 - (b) Fisher Ada ()
 - (c) Allen Newell ()
 - (d) John McCarthy ()
32. Which type of mirror is used in solar cooker?
- (a) Convex mirror ()
 - (b) Concave mirror ()
 - (c) Plane mirror ()
 - (d) Both concave and convex mirror ()
33. Malaria is caused by:
- (a) Protozoa ()
 - (b) Virus ()
 - (c) Fungi ()
 - (d) Bacteria ()
34. Which agricultural revolution is known as grey revolution?
- (a) Jute ()
 - (b) Petroleum ()
 - (c) Oil seed ()
 - (d) Fertilizer ()
35. What is the targeted fiscal deficit of Mizoram for financial year 2026-2027?
- (a) 3.81% ()
 - (b) 7.6% ()
 - (c) 4.6% ()
 - (d) 5.6% ()
36. Which of the following Five Year Plan is referred as 'Harrod-Domar' Model'?
- (a) First Five Year Plan ()
 - (b) Sixth Five Year Plan ()
 - (c) Fifth Five Year Plan ()
 - (d) Second Five Year Plan ()

37. What percentage of isotope U-235 is referred as highly enriched Uranium (HEU) for modern nuclear weapons?
- (a) Must be 100% ()
(b) 90% ()
(c) 50% ()
(d) 20% ()
38. Which country recently honoured Prime Minister Narendra Modi with its highest civilian award, 'Speaker of the Knesset Medal'?
- (a) Israel ()
(b) Saudi Arabia ()
(c) UAE ()
(d) Bahrain ()
39. Australian Open winner Carlos Alcaraz received how many Grand Slam title in Tennis?
- (a) 5 ()
(b) 6 ()
(c) 7 ()
(d) 8 ()
40. What was the main theme of AI Impact Summit in India held in February, 2026?
- (a) Welfare for All, Happiness of All ()
(b) AI Extractivism ()
(c) Data Dependency ()
(d) People, Planet and Progress ()
41. Which social media platform was imposed a penalty of Rs 213.14 crore for its privacy policy 2021 by Competition Commission of India (CCI)?
- (a) Instagram ()
(b) Telegram ()
(c) Youtube ()
(d) WhatsApp ()
42. Who was the eldest among the sons of Zahmuaka?
- (a) Zadenga ()
(b) Rivunga ()
(c) Rokhuma ()
(d) Paliana ()
43. The highest measurement of quantity of paddy in early Mizo society is:
- (a) Silai zawn ()
(b) Mautlawn zawn ()
(c) Hreiha zawn ()
(d) Tuthlawh zawn ()
44. The first book in Mizo language "Mizo Zirtir Bu" was published in which year?
- (a) 1894 ()
(b) 1895 ()
(c) 1897 ()
(d) 1898 ()

45. A flat shaped basket used to store paddy seeds.
- (a) Fungki ()
 - (b) Dawrawn ()
 - (c) Pailper ()
 - (d) Darbak ()
46. Which Superintendent ended the system of 'Ramhual'?
- (a) N.E Perry ()
 - (b) A.G McCall ()
 - (c) A. MacDonald ()
 - (d) S.N Bartaki ()
47. Which among the following person initiated Mizo drama during the Flowering Period i.e 1959-2000 (Lemchan parparh hun lai) with his first written book on drama in Mizo language?
- (a) Lalkailuia ()
 - (b) Lalhmuaka ()
 - (c) Lalthangfala Sailo ()
 - (d) Lalzuithanga ()
48. The global treaty Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) is held in:
- (a) Stockholm ()
 - (b) Basel ()
 - (c) Bonn ()
 - (d) Rotterdam ()
49. Project elephant was launched in India in the year:
- (a) 1972 ()
 - (b) 1992 ()
 - (c) 1982 ()
 - (d) 1983 ()
50. Nokrek biosphere reserve is found in which state?
- (a) Arunachal Pradesh ()
 - (b) Nagaland ()
 - (c) Assam ()
 - (d) Meghalaya ()

GENERAL ENGLISH (50 MARKS)

Direction (Question Nos. 51 to 75): Choose the correct answer from the given options:

51. There is a bridge ____ the stream.
- (a) in ()
 - (b) under ()
 - (c) on ()
 - (d) over ()

52. This harp belongs to ____.
- (a) I ()
- (b) me ()
- (c) mine ()
- (d) my ()
53. I ____ of the opportunity
- (a) availed ()
- (b) avail ()
- (c) avail myself ()
- (d) availed myself ()
54. ____ students in the class understood the difficult theorem.
- (a) little ()
- (b) a little ()
- (c) few ()
- (d) much ()
55. She has visited ____ European country during her travels.
- (a) many ()
- (b) every ()
- (c) much ()
- (d) several ()
56. The teacher asked the students to remain ____ during the examination.
- (a) noisy ()
- (b) silent ()
- (c) careless ()
- (d) angry ()
57. Hardly ____ the station when the train left.
- (a) had I reached ()
- (b) I reached ()
- (c) I had reached ()
- (d) did i reach ()
58. If I ____ about the meeting, I would have attended it.
- (a) know ()
- (b) knew ()
- (c) had known ()
- (d) have known ()
59. Identify the mood in the sentence:
Close the door immediately
- (a) Indicative ()
- (b) Imperative ()
- (c) Subjunctive ()
- (d) Interrogative ()

60. This time next year, she _____ in London.

- (a) studies ()
- (b) will study ()
- (c) will be studying ()
- (d) has studied ()

61. Change the sentence into passive voice:

Ravi writes a letter

- (a) A letter was written by Ravi ()
- (b) A letter is written by Ravi ()
- (c) A letter writes by Ravi ()
- (d) Ravi is written by a letter ()

62. The committee is composed _____ experienced members.

- (a) from ()
- (b) with ()
- (c) of ()
- (d) by ()

63. Synonym of '*Inevitable*' is:

- (a) avoidable ()
- (b) unavoidable ()
- (c) doubtful ()
- (d) rare ()

64. Choose the antonym of '*hostile*'

- (a) friendly ()
- (b) angry ()
- (c) dangerous ()
- (d) violent ()

65. Choose the correct spelling:

- (a) Consciencious ()
- (b) Conscientious ()
- (c) Conciencous ()
- (d) Conscientius ()

66. Choose the correct meaning of the word '*Ephemeral*'

- (a) Lasting for a very long time ()
- (b) Short lived ()
- (c) Very powerful ()
- (d) Extremely difficult ()

67. Which word means '*kind and generous*'?

- (a) Malevolent ()
- (b) Arrogant ()
- (c) Benevolent ()
- (d) Hostile ()

68. Which of the following is a simple sentence?

- (a) She went home and cooked dinner ()
- (b) Although he was tired, he finished his work()
- (c) The sun set behind the hills ()
- (d) He tried hard but failed ()

69. The clouds ____.

- (a) rattled ()
- (b) thundered ()
- (c) clattered ()
- (d) rustled ()

70. A ____ of stars

- (a) constellation ()
- (b) congregation ()
- (c) constitution ()
- (d) league ()

71. A speech delivered without a preparation is called ____.

- (a) Dialogue ()
- (b) Extempore ()
- (c) Monologue ()
- (d) Lecture ()

72. A *misanthrope* is a person who:

- (a) Loves mankind ()
- (b) Helps poor people ()
- (c) Hates mankind ()
- (d) Loves to teach people ()

73. '*To add fuel to the fire*' means:

- (a) To stop a quarrel ()
- (b) To start a new project ()
- (c) To solve a problem ()
- (d) To make a situation worse ()

74. Which idiom means '*to admit defeat or fail*'?

- (a) Bite the dust ()
- (b) Break the ice ()
- (c) Burn the midnight oil ()
- (d) Take heart ()

75. A *wild goose chase* means:

- (a) A useless search ()
- (b) A dangerous ()
- (c) A quick escape ()
- (d) A happy event ()

PART-B (CONVENTIONAL TYPES - 50 MARKS)

*This Part should be answered only on the **Answer Sheet** provided.*

Marks for each question is indicated against it.

1. Write an essay (in about 500 words) **on any one of the following topics:** (20)
- (a) Advantages and challenges of Railways in Mizoram
 - (b) The importance of free and fair Elections
 - (c) Entrepreneurship and self-employment
 - (d) Time and tide wait for no man

Direction (Question Nos. 2-10) : Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow it:

Sportsmanship can be conceptualized as an enduring and relatively stable characteristic or disposition such that individuals differ in the way they are generally expected to behave in sports situations. In general, sportsmanship refers to virtues such as fairness, self-control, courage, and persistence, and has been associated with interpersonal concepts of treating others and being treated fairly, maintaining self-control if dealing with others, and respect for both authority and opponents. Sportsmanship is also looked at as being the way one reacts to a sport/game/player.

The four elements of sportsmanship are often shown being good form, the will to win, equity and fairness. All four elements are critical and a balance must be found among all four for true sportsmanship to be illustrated. These elements may also cause conflict, as a person may desire to win more than play in equity and fairness and thus resulting in a clash within the aspects of sportsmanship. This will cause problems as the person believes they are being a good sportsman, but they are defeating the purpose of this idea as they are ignoring two key components of being sportsman like. When athletes become too self-centred, the idea of sportsmanship is dismissed.

Today's sporting culture, in particular the base of elite sport, places great importance on the idea of competition and winning and thus sportsmanship takes a back seat as a result. In most, if not all sports, sportsmen at the elite level make the standards on sportsmanship and no matter whether they like it or not, they are seen as leaders and role models in society.

Since every sport is rule driven, the most common offence of bad sportsmanship is the act of cheating or breaking the rules to gain an unfair advantage. A competitor who exhibits poor sportsmanship after losing a game or contest is often called a "sore loser", while a competitor who exhibits poor sportsmanship after winning is typically called a "bad winner". Sore loser behavior includes blaming others for the loss, not accepting responsibility for personal actions that contributed to the defeat, reacting to the loss in an immature or improper fashion, making excuses for the defeat, and citing unfavourable conditions or other petty issues as reasons for the defeat. A bad winner acts in a shallow fashion after his or her victory, such as by gloating about his or her win, rubbing the win in the face(s) of the opponent(s), and lowering the opponent(s)'s self-esteem by constantly reminding the opponent(s) of "poor" performance in comparison (even if the opponent(s) competed well). Not showing respect to the other team is considered to being a bad sportsman and could lead to demoralizing effects; as Leslie Howe describes: "If a pitcher in baseball decides to pitch not to his maximum ability suggest that the batter is not at an adequate level, (it) could lead to the batter to have low self-confidence or worth.

- 2. What is the concept of sportsmanship? (4)
- 3. Why must balance be maintained amongst the 4 elements? (4)
- 4. Why has sportsmanship taken a backseat today? (3)
- 5. How are sportsmen at the elite level considered? (3)

6. Who is a 'sore loser'? (3)
7. How would you describe a 'bad winner'? (3)
8. From the last paragraph find words that convey the same meaning as:
 - (a) Childish (2)
 - (b) Boasting (2)
9. From the last paragraph find the opposite of the words:
 - (a) Deep (2)
 - (b) Rich (2)
10. Give a suitable title for the above paragraph. (2)
